

## KK.010.002 - MAINTAINING BUDGET ATTRIBUTES

<b>Purpose</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• To identify the valid Ledger Group values for Budget Attributes.</li><li>• To modify a Budget Attribute by Budget Period.</li><li>• To modify a Budget Attribute by Budget Status.</li></ul>
<b>Description</b>	<p>This topic demonstrates the steps required to modify an existing Budget Attribute. The Budget Attributes component can be used to refine budget processing options for a specific Business Unit and ChartField combination. Budget Attributes are useful when users want to override the options selected at a higher level (Budget Definition).</p> <p>Conversely, any budget whose attributes users do not configure through the Budget Attributes page inherits its attributes from a higher level (Budget Definition).</p>
<b>Security Role</b>	BOR_KK_SETUP
<b>Dependencies/ Constraints</b>	None
<b>Additional Information</b>	Budget Attributes can be added by Budget Reference and by Budget Status for specific ChartField combinations.

## Procedures

Below are step by step instructions are how to edit the Budget Status of an existing Budget Attribute.

Step	Action
1.	Click the <b>NavBar</b> icon.
2.	Click the <b>Navigator</b> icon.
3.	Click the <b>Commitment Control</b> link.
4.	Click the <b>Define Control Budgets</b> link.
5.	Click the <b>Budget Attributes</b> link.
6.	Budget Attributes are useful when users want to override options selected at a higher level. Enter a specific ledger group in the <b>Ledger Group</b> field for which to establish budget attributes. Valid values include: APPROP, ORG, PROJ_GRT, PRMST_EX, PRMST_REV and REVEST.
7.	Click the <b>Search</b> button. The system navigates to the <b>Commitment Control Budget Attributes</b> page.
8.	To define budget attributes, enter the budget ChartField combinations beginning with an Account number in the <b>Account</b> field.
9.	Enter a Fund in the <b>Fund</b> field.
10.	Enter a Department number in the <b>Dept</b> field.
11.	Enter a Program number in the <b>Program</b> field.
12.	Enter a Class number in the <b>Class</b> field.
13.	Enter a Budget Reference in the <b>Bud Ref</b> field.
14.	Click the <b>Fetch</b> button.
15.	Click the <b>Set Options</b> link in the Set Options column for an entry to edit. The system generates the Set Options popup window.
16.	Click in the <b>Status</b> dropdown.
17.	For this business process, <b>Closed</b> is selected.  <i><b>Note:</b> By changing the budget period status to Closed, users are not able to budget check any transaction whose budget date falls within the budget period.</i>
18.	Click the <b>OK</b> button. The system navigates back to the Commitment Control Budget Attributes page.
19.	Click the <b>Save</b> button.

Below are step by step instructions are how to edit the Control Option for a specific ChartField combination as of a particular effective date.

Step	Action
1.	Click the <b>NavBar</b> icon.
2.	Click the <b>Navigator</b> icon.
3.	Click the <b>Commitment Control</b> link.
4.	Click the <b>Define Control Budgets</b> link.
5.	Click the <b>Budget Attributes</b> link.
6.	Budget Attributes are useful when users want to override options selected at a higher level. Enter a specific ledger group in the <b>Ledger Group</b> field for which to establish budget attributes. Valid values include: APPROP, ORG, PROJ_GRT, PRMST_EX, PRMST_REV and REVEST.
7.	Click the <b>Search</b> button. The system navigates to the <b>Commitment Control Budget Attributes</b> page.
8.	To define budget attributes, enter the budget ChartField combinations beginning with an Account number in the <b>Account</b> field.
9.	Enter a Fund in the <b>Fund</b> field.
10.	Enter a Department number in the <b>Dept</b> field.
11.	Enter a Program number in the <b>Program</b> field.
12.	Enter a Class number in the <b>Class</b> field.
13.	Specify the effective date for the budget attribute in the <b>Effective Date</b> field.

Step	Action
14.	<p>Select the control option. In this example, the ChartField combination is set to <b>Track with Budget</b>. This requires a budget exists, but does not prevent spending in the event expenditures exceed the budget. Click in the <b>Control Option</b> drop-down menu. Options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Control:</b> Strictly control transactions against budgeted amounts. Error exceptions are logged when transactions exceed the budgeted amount.</li> <li>• <b>Track with Budget:</b> Track transaction amounts against a budget, but do not issue error exceptions unless no corresponding budget row exists. Pass if budget row exists, even for a zero amount, but issue warnings when transactions exceed the budgeted amount.</li> <li>• <b>Track without Budget:</b> Track transactions even if no budget setup exists. If a budget row does exist, warnings will be logged when transactions exceed the budgeted amount. If no budget row exists, no warning is issued.</li> </ul>
15.	Click the <b>OK</b> button. The system navigates back to the Commitment Control Budget Attributes page.
16.	Click the <b>Save</b> button.