CASSIE Consortium for the Analysis of Student Success through International Education: A Progress Report



Association of International Education Administrators
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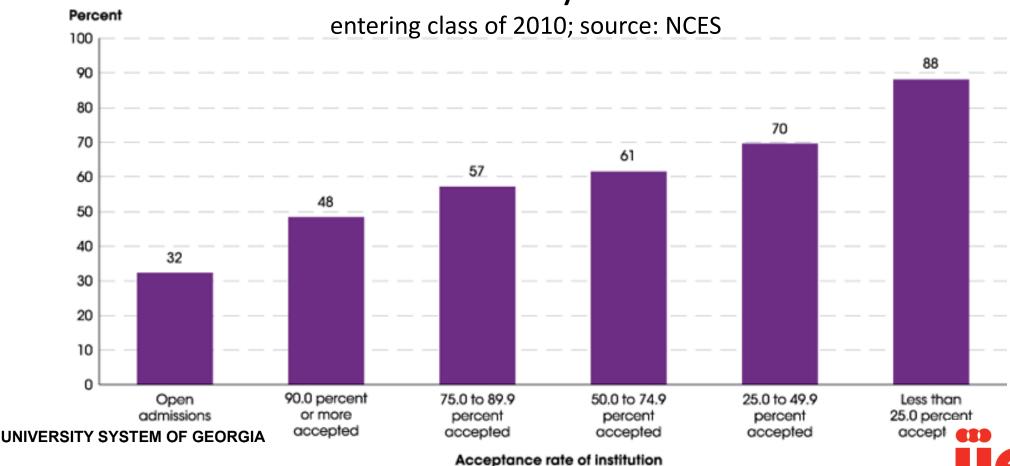
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Framing the conversation: Student Success and College Value

Graduation in 6 years or less

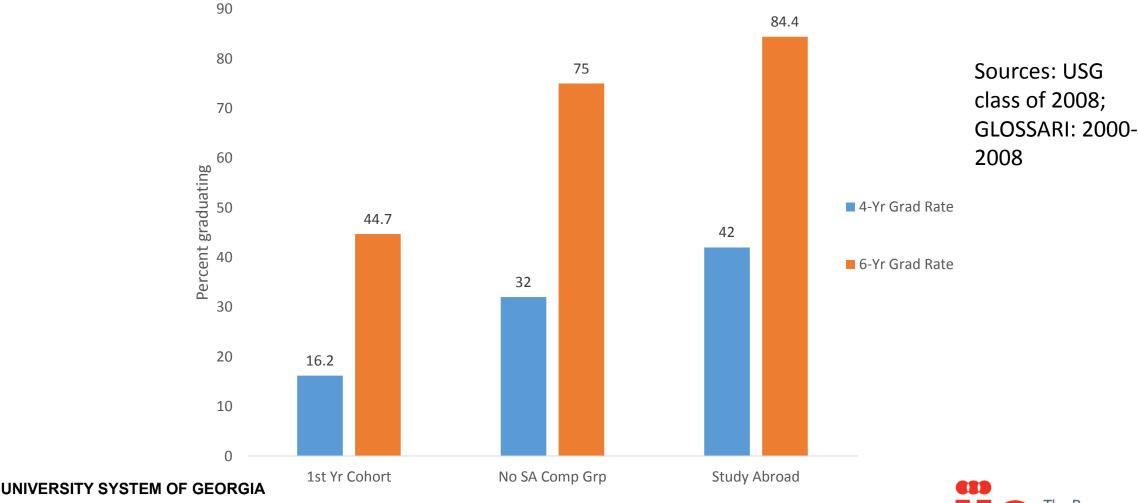


The Power

International

Framing the conversation:

Impact of Study Abroad on Grad Rates for USG African American Undergraduates







Prioritizing Internationalization Strategic Planning & Ideals





"It is the obligation of colleges and universities to prepare people for a globalized world, including developing the ability to compete economically, to operate effectively in other cultures and setting, to use knowledge to improve their own lives and their communities, and to better comprehend the realities of the contemporary world so that they can better meet their responsibilities as citizens."

- Strength through Global Leadership and Engagement: U.S. Higher Education in the 21st Century: A report of the American Council on Education (ACE) Blue Ribbon Panel on Global Engagement 2011





Broad Range of Internationalization Efforts







Education Abroad

The EA KC focusses on the needs of education abroad professionals. The Knowledge Community is led by a team of dedicated professionals from the field.



International Education Leadership

The IEL KC supports senior international officers and other international education leaders who provide the vision and build commitment for comprehensive internationalization.



International Enrollment Management

The IEM KC addresses the needs of professionals working in admissions, recruitment, enrollment management, marketing, credential evaluation, intensive English programs, sponsored program administration, and overseas advising and counseling.



International Student and Scholar Services

The KCISSS provides professional development opportunities for international student and scholar advisers and for those who work or volunteer in campus- and community-based international programming.



Teaching, Learning, and Scholarship

The TLS KC focuses on curriculum internationalization, research that informs practice, and intercultural communication and serves faculty, administrators, graduate students/post-docs, researchers, intercultural trainers, cross-cultural counselors, and other professionals in international education.





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What is Highlighted in the Campus Strategic Plan? Campuswide vs Internationalization Plan





OBJECTIVE C

Implement and expand the University's internationalization efforts by increasing to 300 the number of international students (Fall 2014 baseline international students=88), and increasing by 30% domestic students and faculty who engage in an international experience (fall 2013 baseline data).

Strategies:

- Identify and define a range of meaningful and impactful international experiences for students and faculty in order to collect and assess baseline data and tracking of international experiences of students and faculty.
- 2. Assess, reorganize, streamline and build campus infrastructure, policies and processes to better support internationalization efforts.
- 3. Encourage and support departments and programs to infuse international and global awareness and experiences into their curricula and co-curricular experiences to assist students in exploring cultures, U.S. diversity, world cultures and challenges around the world for freedom, equity and human rights.





The Challenge of Limited Resources

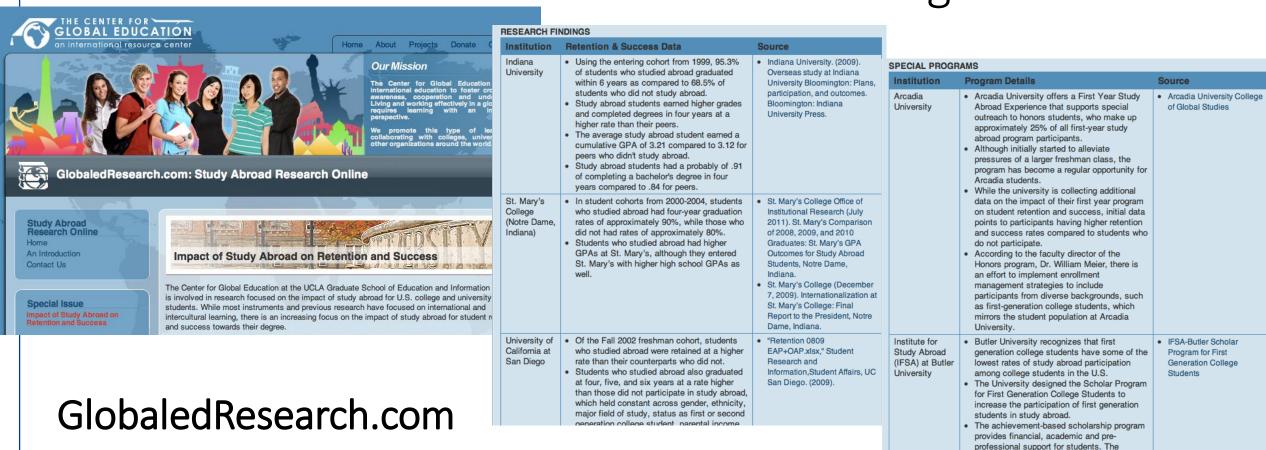
In an era of limited resources, it is critical that study abroad is connected to the key issues on your campus, including:

- 1) Admissions: Recruitment of new students
 - Tuition-driven campuses
 - Elite competitive campuses
- 2) Strategies for retention and success
- 3) Supporting professional development & career
- 4) Rankings (US News, IIE Open Doors, etc.)
- 5) International learning on campus
- 6) Other





The Value of Data and Intentionality: The Contribution of International Education: ...to Retention & Success Strategies





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scholarship covers many upfront costs, provides students with special information, and includes a resume-building workshop to

Practitioner/Researcher SIOs and Study Abroad Directors Can Support Empirical Research on Value-Added Outcomes

Increasing number of SIOs and directors of study abroad programs have research degrees: Ph.D., Ed.D., and Masters degrees and have been seeking active roles beyond day-to-day program management, to integrate research into both their professional roles inside campus and in the broader higher education community.

- 1) Increasing number of research studies (like CASSIE)
- 2) Increasing number of publications
- 3) Increasing amount of internal research on campus to identify impacts of study abroad and ways to enhance outcomes based on program design elements
- 4) Need for researcher/practitioners to continue to grow research for their campus and other underresourced campuses





GLOSSARI Pioneered "Big Data" Analysis of Institutional Indicators of Student Success

- 31,000 individual study abroad records (location, duration, class level & major at time of SA, etc.) across 8 years from 35 USG institutions
- Merged with institutional records (Age, gender, race, matriculation, graduation, HS GPA, SAT, college semester GPA)
- 19,109 students who had studied abroad eligible
- 17,903 comparison group students matched for institution, class standing, attendance during "focal" semester.





Drilling Down to Obtain Results for Less Represented Groups

GLOSSARI findings: Graduation rate advantages (6-year/4-year)

- SA males +6-12% relative to DOM males
- SA females +6-19% relative to DOM females
- SA African-Americans + 13-31% relative to DOM African-Americans
- SA "other" non-whites + 7-18% relative to DOM "other" non-whites
- SA students with SAT >1000 + 4-11% relative to DOMs with SAT>1000
- SA students with SAT <1000 + 2-7% relative to DOMs with SAT<1000





CASSIE Research Design

Treatment

- Education Abroad--duration, location, provider-type
- World Language Learning--number of courses, major, minor
- Intensive International Ed--FLAS, Flagship, etc.

Controls/Special Populations

- Need-Based Aid--Pell, Other
- Academic Major--STEM, pre-professional programs
- First-In-Family status
- Matching variables: Race/ethnicity, gender, HS GPA, SAT, etc.

Outcomes

- Timely Graduation
- Terms and Credits to Degree
- Credit completion ratio and GPA

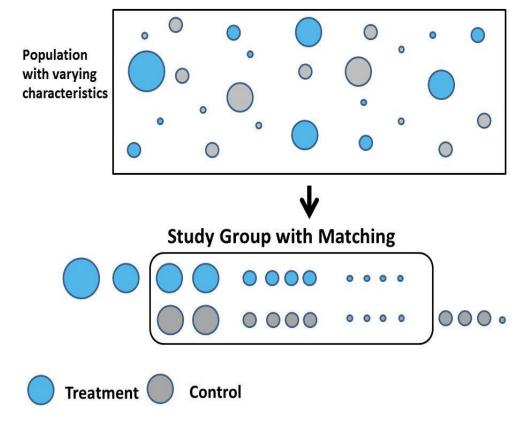




CASSIE Research Design

- Participation in international education is self-selected
- Impact on student outcomes may not be due to the international education experience itself, but other unobserved factors the student possesses
- Simple comparison of treated and control can result in biased estimates

 Exact and Propensity Score Matching







USG CASSIE Institutions

Research Universities

- Augusta University
- Georgia State University
- Georgia Tech
- University of Georgia

State Universities

- Albany State University*
- Clayton State University
- Columbus State University
- Fort Valley State University
- Georgia College & State Ur
- Georgia Southwestern St.
- Middle Georgia State Univ
- Savannah State University*
- University of North Georgia

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- Georgia Southern University
- Kennesaw State University
- University of West Georgia
- Valdosta State University

State Colleges

- Abraham Baldwin Agricultural Coll.
- Atlanta Metropolitan State College
- College of Coastal Georgia
- Dalton State College*
- East Georgia State College
- Georgia Gwinnett College
- Georgia Highlands College
- Gordon State College
- South Georgia State College





CASSIE Institutions

- Central Michigan University
- California State University-Long Beach*
- Howard University*
- Middle Tennessee State University
- New York University
- Tulane University
- University of Alabama*
- University of Arizona,
- University of Delaware

- University of lowa
- University of Kansas
- University of Kentucky
- University of Massachusetts
 Amherst*
- University of South Carolina
- University of Texas at Austin
- Virginia Tech
- Webster University

17 States + D.C.





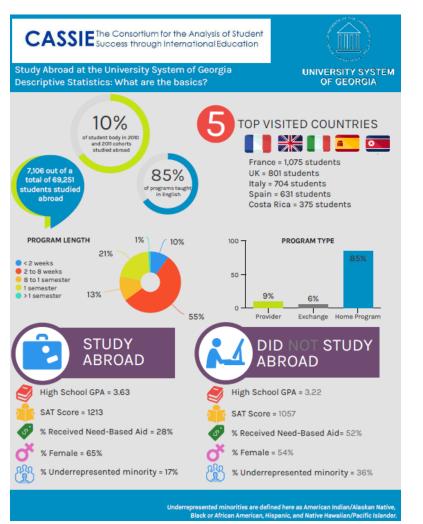
CASSIE Research Products

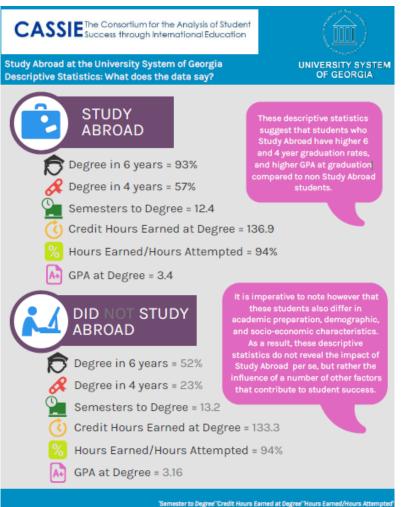
- Academic papers
- Conference presentations
- Policy memos
- Institutional benchmarking reports
- Institutional and overall infographics





CASSIE USG Education Abroad Infographic







and 'GPA at Degree' are all conditional on gra



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SEMESTERS TO DEGREE

-0.17

SA students finish their degree about 3 weeks faster than non-SA students, showing that study abroad slightly accelerates but does not delay



8.7pp

EARNED

3.22

SA students earn 3.22 more credit hours upon graduation compared with non-SA students, showing that SA students do not earn onsiderably more, or less, credit hours than non-SA students.



.12 SA students earn a 0.12 higher GPA than

DEGREE



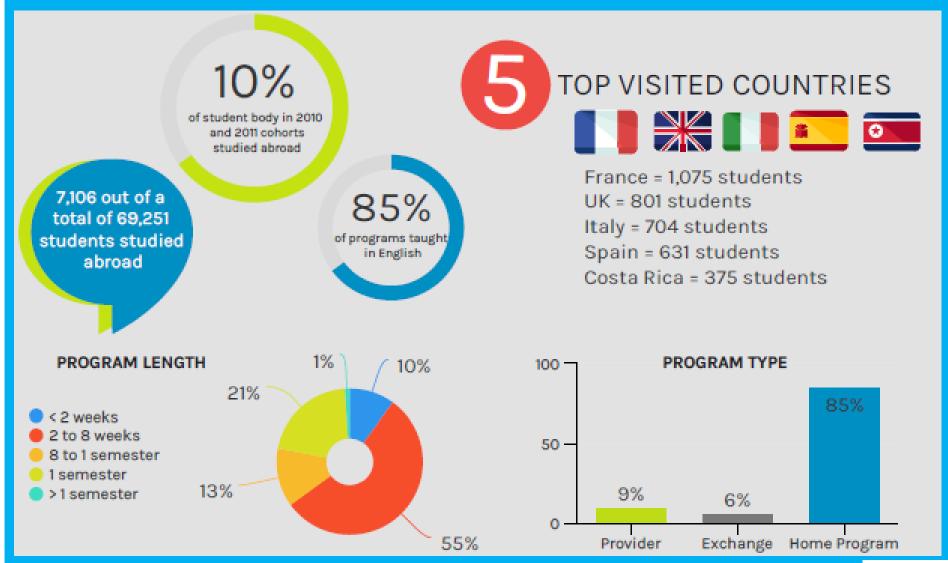
No difference between SA and non-SA students.

pp = Percentage points All estimates are statistically significant at the 10% level or smaller



of International

General Education Abroad Information







Student Characteristics





High School GPA = 3.63



SAT Score = 1213



% Received Need-Based Aid = 28%



% Female = 65%



% Underrepresented minority = 17%





High School GPA = 3.22



SAT Score = 1057



% Received Need-Based Aid= 52%



% Female = 54%



% Underrepresented minority = 36%





Descriptive Outcomes

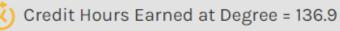


Degree in 6 years = 93%

Degree in 4 years = 57%



Semesters to Degree = 12.4







GPA at Degree = 3.4



Degree in 6 years = 52%



Degree in 4 years = 23%



Semesters to Degree = 13.2



Credit Hours Earned at Degree = 133.3



Hours Earned/Hours Attempted = 94%



GPA at Degree = 3.16





These descriptive statistics

suggest that students who Study Abroad have higher 6 and 4 year graduation rates,

and higher GPA at graduation compared to non Study Abroad

It is imperative to note however that these students also differ in

academic preparation, demographic,

and socio-economic characteristics. As a result, these descriptive statistics do not reveal the impact of

Study Abroad per se, but rather the influence of a number of other factors

that contribute to student success.

Matching Analysis Outcomes



DEGREE IN 6 YEARS

8.7pp

SA students are more likely (8.7pp) to graduate in 6 years compared with non-SA



10.1pp

SA students are more likely (10.1pp) to graduate in 4 years compared with non-SA students.



SEMESTERS TO DEGREE

-0.17

SA students finish their degree about 3 weeks faster than non-SA students, showing that study abroad slightly accelerates but does not delay graduation.



3.22

SA students earn 3.22 more credit hours upon graduation compared with non-SA students, showing that SA students do not earn considerably more, or less, credit hours than non-SA students.



No difference between SA and non-SA students.



GPA AT DEGREE

.12

SA students earn a 0.12 higher GPA than non-SA students.





'USG University X'



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6.4pp SA students are more likely (6.4pp) to graduate in 6 years compared with non-SA 8.7pp



12.4pp SA students are more likely (12.4pp) to graduate in 4 years compared with non-SA 10.1pp

SEMESTERS TO

DEGREE

-0.21

SA students finish their degree about 3 weeks faster than non-SA students, showing

that study abroad slightly accelerates but

-0.17

does not delay graduation.

3.22

CREDIT HOURS EARNED

SA students earn 2.86 more credit hours upon graduation compared with non-SA students, showing that SA students do not earn considerably more, or less, credit hours than non-SA students.

2.86

[NSS]



SA students earn 0.57% more of the credit hours they attempt compared to non-SA

0.57%

.12



.12

SA students earn a 0.12 higher GPA than non-SA students.



Institutional

Infographic

Low-Income Student Analysis



6% of need-based aid students studied abroad





NO STUDY ABROAD



High School GPA = 3.53 vs. 3.14



SAT Score = 1141 vs. 1009



% Female = 70% vs. 58%



% Underrep. minority = 36% vs. 52%



Degree in 6 years = 90% vs. 46%



Semesters to Degree = 12.9 vs. 13.4



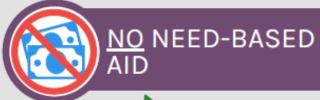
Credit Hours at Degree = 136.2 vs. 133.5



Hours Earned/Attempted = 93% vs. 93%



GPA at Degree = 3.29 vs. 3.09





14% of no need-based aid students studied abroad







High School GPA = 3.67 vs. 3.31



SAT Score = 1245 vs. 1108



% Female = 63% vs. 50%



% Underrep. minority = 9% vs. 18%



Degree in 6 years = 94% vs. 60%



Semesters to Degree = 12.2 vs. 12.9



Credit Hours at Degree = 137.2 vs. 133.2



Hours Earned/Attempted = 95% vs. 95%



GPA at Degree = 3.42 vs. 3.21

MATCHING ANALYSIS



SA students who receive need-based aid are more likely (12.1 pp) to graduate in 6 years compared with non-SA students



DEGREE IN 6 YEARS (NO NEED-BASED AID) 7.3pp

SA students who do not receive need-based aid are more likely (7.3pp) to graduate in 6 years compared with non-SA students who do not receive need-based aid.



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CASSIE Contribution to Higher Education Policy and Practice

- Big data approach allows establishment of causal impacts of international education on outcomes of most concern today to administrators and policy makers
- Ability to show how impacts vary for important subpopulations:
 - Income, race/ethnicity, specific majors
- Critical in evaluation of curricular, student affairs, and financial aid policy that affect international education
- Essential in advocacy for institutional and government funding
- Outcomes for different international ed program types can suggest changes in emphasis for administrators





Discussion and Contact Info

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